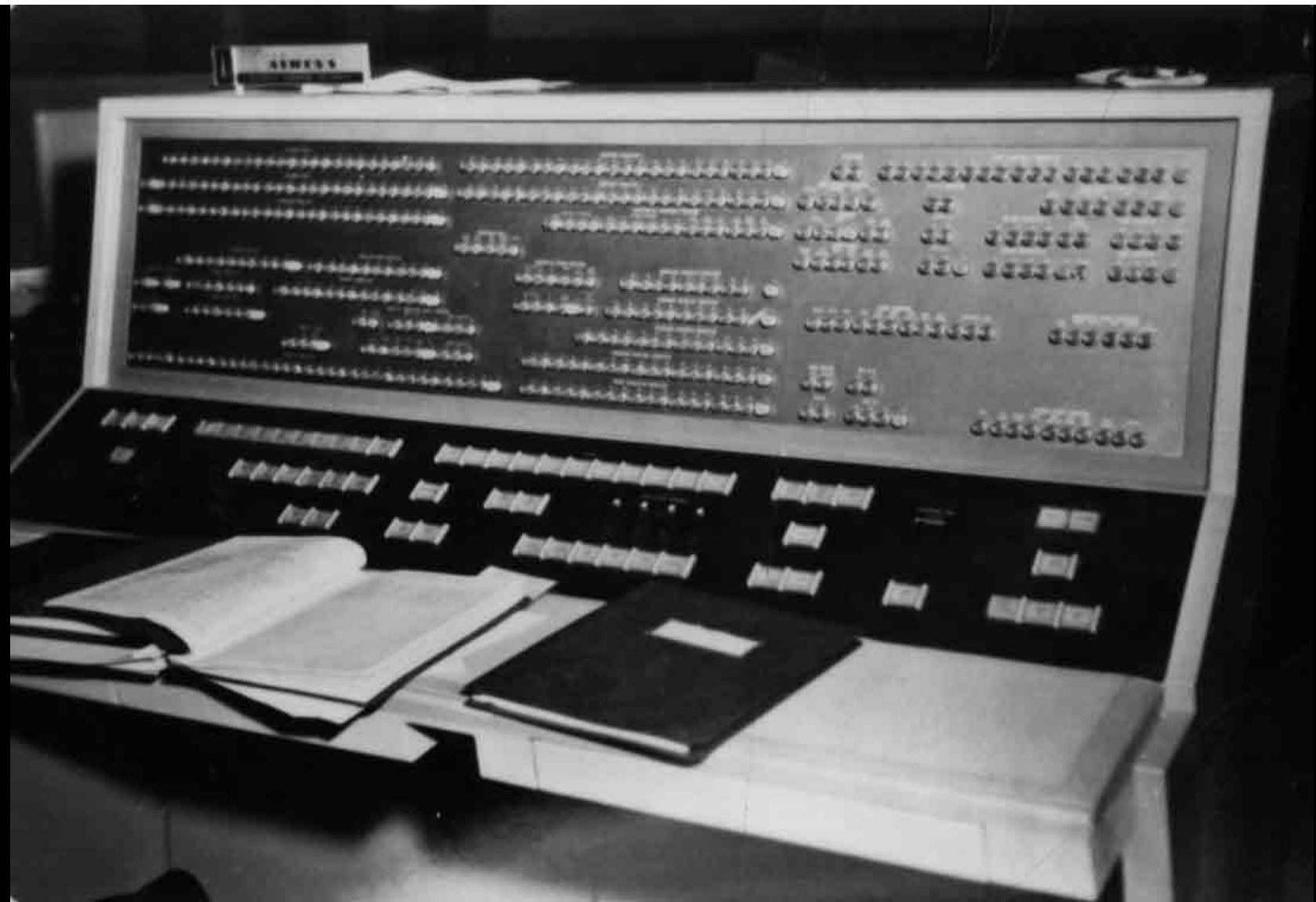


IAAS

Radio Astronomy and Ham Radio
Activities at Star Haven Observatory















































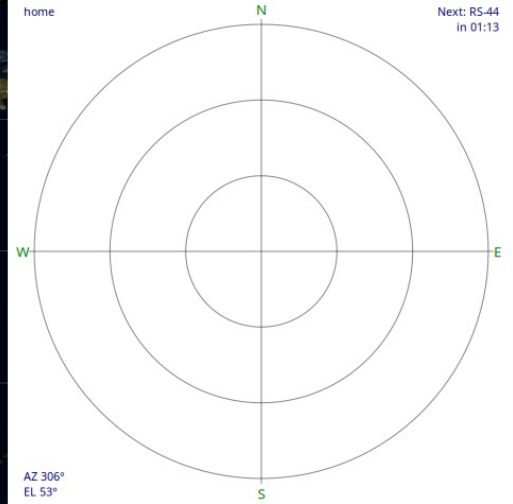
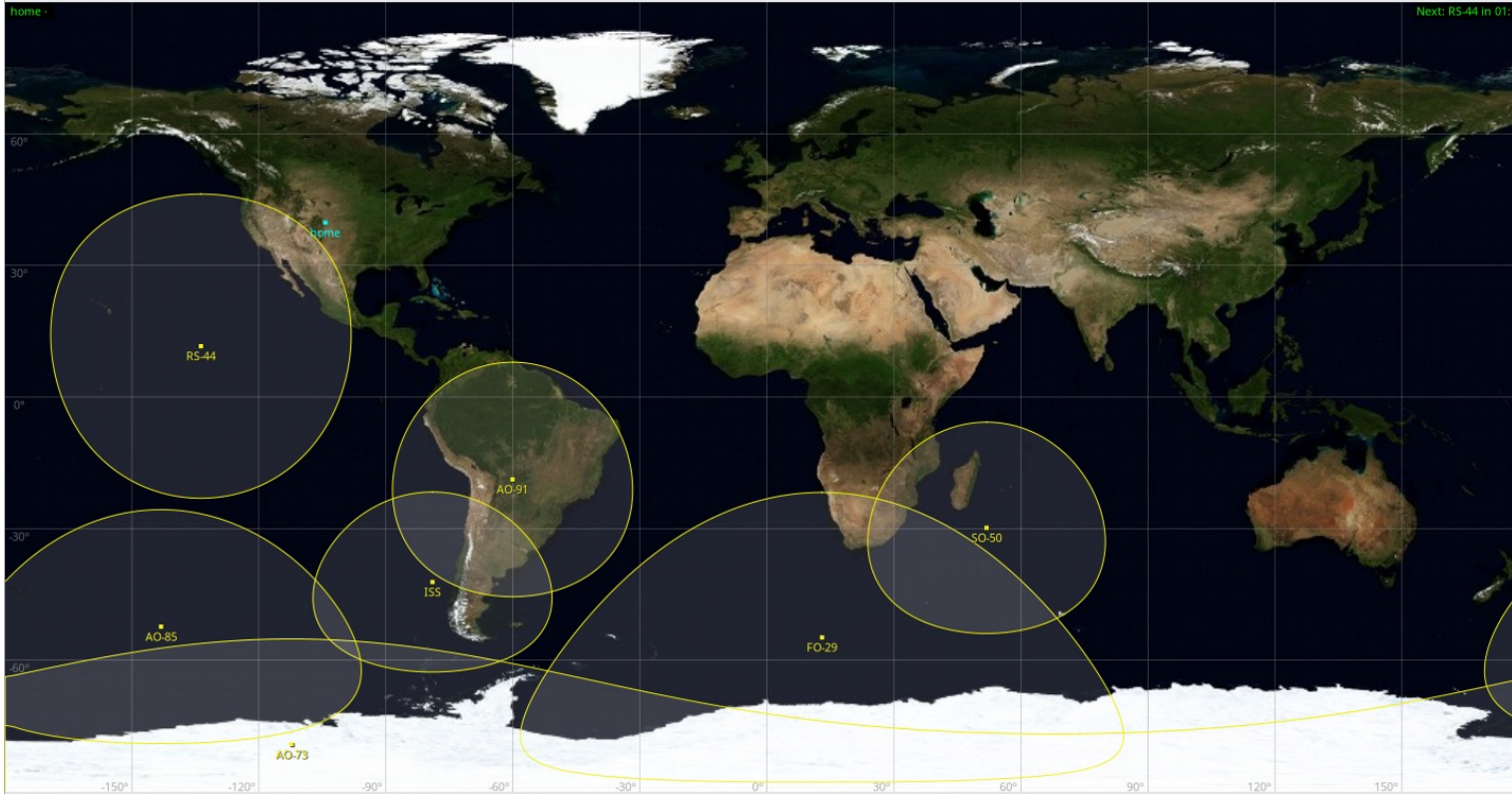




Gpredict: Amateur

File Edit Help

2023/10/14 01:27:33



ISS

Azimuth : 161.13°
 Elevation : -40.65°
 Slant Range : 8905 km
 Range Rate : 4.252 km/sec
 Next Event : AOS: 2023/10/14 12:55:09
 SSP Loc. : FE07QO
 Footprint : 4570 km
 Altitude : 432 km
 Velocity : 7.651 km/sec
 Doppler@100M : -1418 Hz
 Sig. Loss : 151.39 dB
 Sig. Delay : 29.71 msec
 Mean Anom. : 94.51°
 Orbit Phase : 132.90°
 Orbit Num. : 42022
 Visibility : Daylight

Satellite	Az	El	Dir	Range	Next Event	Alt	Orbit
AO-73	181.87°	-58.01°	↑	11472	AOS: 2023/10/14 08:50:27	605	53331
AO-85	202.59°	-46.31°	↓	10185	AOS: 2023/10/14 08:34:42	759	34254
AO-91	135.96°	-31.44°	↓	7929	AOS: 2023/10/14 04:19:02	764	31885
FO-29	131.93°	-66.30°	↑	12976	AOS: 2023/10/14 09:45:02	1234	34126
ISS	161.13°	-40.65°	↓	8905	AOS: 2023/10/14 12:55:09	432	42022
RS-44	231.42°	-3.10°	↑	4768	AOS: 2023/10/14 01:28:47	1379	17737
SO-50	69.97°	-78.67°	↓	13118	AOS: 2023/10/14 02:18:24	609	11979

The sky at a glance (Amateur)

02:13

RS-44

AO-91

AO-73

AO-85

SO-50

02

03

04

05

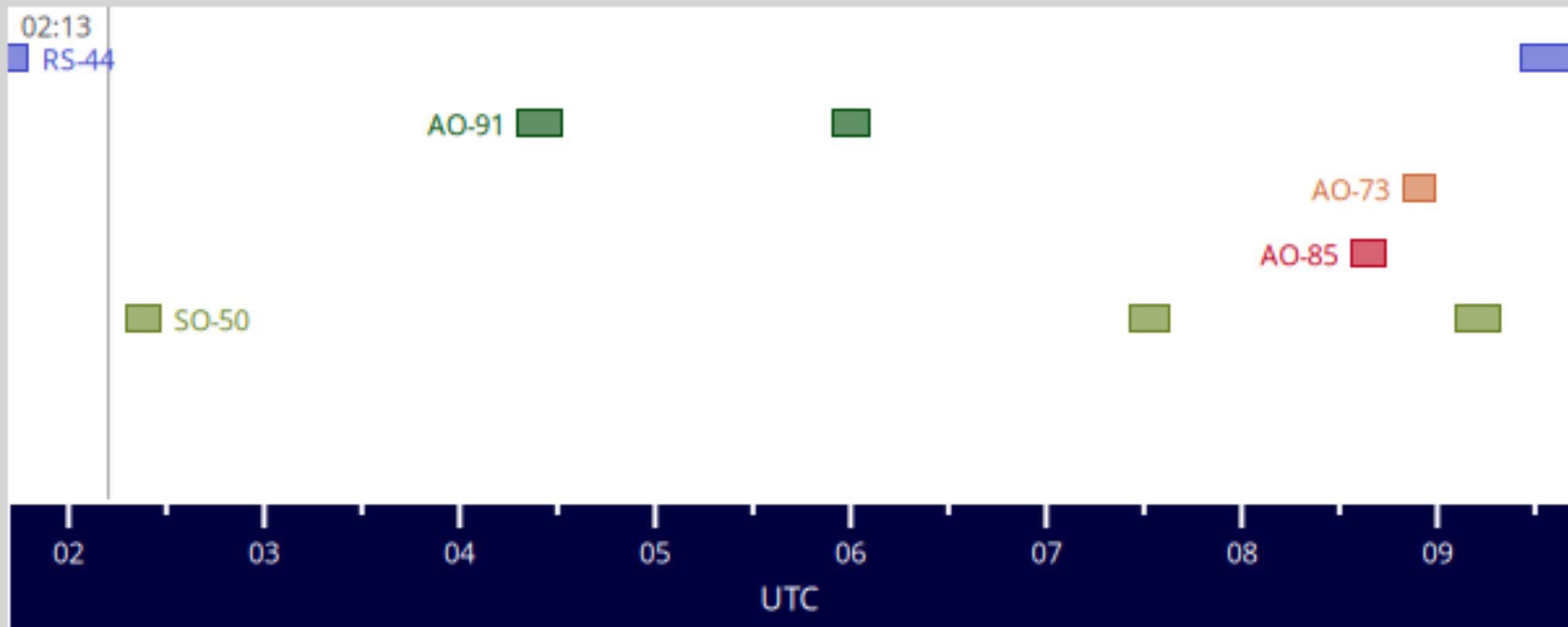
06

07

08

09

UTC





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- [Documents](#)
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- [Roadmap](#)

About Gpredict

Gpredict is a real-time satellite tracking and orbit prediction application. It can track a large number of satellites and display their position and other data in lists, tables, maps, and polar plots (radar view). Gpredict can also predict the time of future passes for a satellite, and provide you with detailed information about each pass.

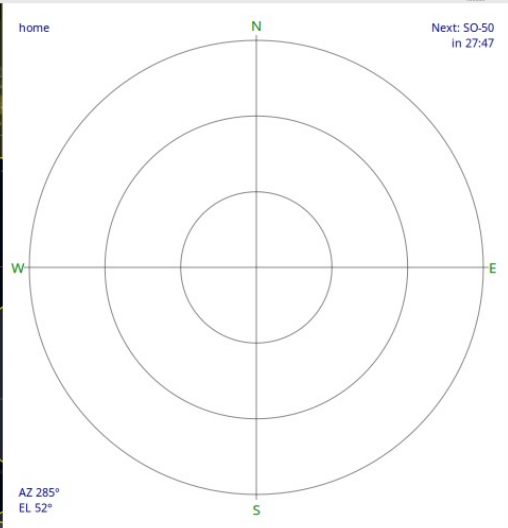
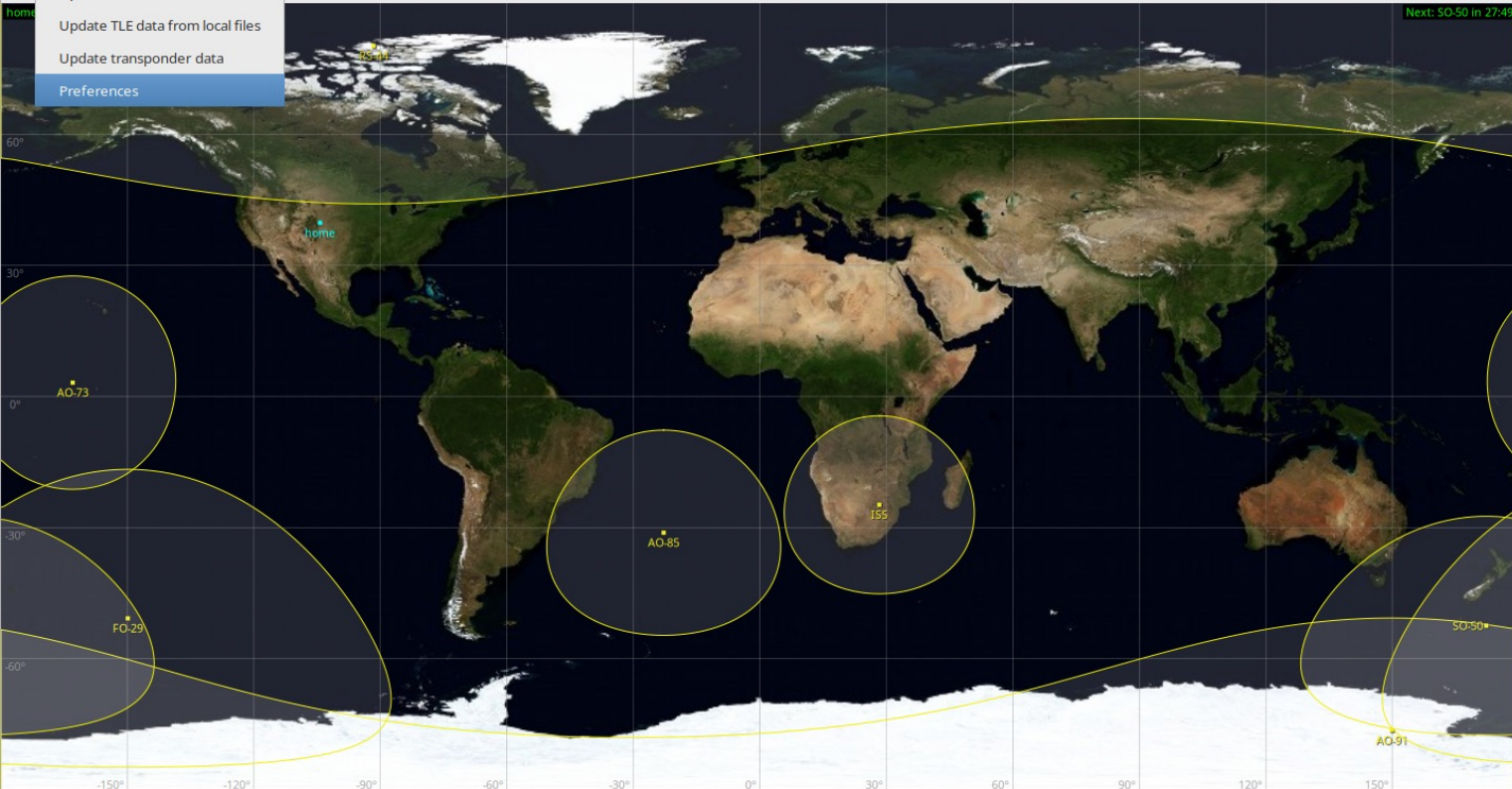
Gpredict is different from other satellite tracking programs in that it allows you to group the satellites into visualisation modules. Each of these modules can be configured independently from the others giving you unlimited flexibility concerning the look and feel of the modules. Naturally, Gpredict will also allow you to track satellites relatively to different observer locations - at the same time.

Gpredict is [free software](#) licensed under the [GNU General Public License](#). This gives you the freedom to use and modify gpredict to suit your needs. Gpredict is available as source package as well as precompiled binaries available via third parties.



Gpredict: Amateur

- File
- Edit
- Help
- 202 Update TLE data from network
- Update TLE data from local files
- Update transponder data
- Preferences



ISS

- Azimuth : 83.00°
- Elevation : -68.16°
- Slant Range : 12290 km
- Range Rate : 0.334 km/sec
- Next Event : AOS: 2023/10/14 12:55:08
- SSP Loc : KG45GL
- Footprint : 4536 km
- Altitude : 426 km
- Velocity : 7.655 km/sec
- Doppler@100M : -111 Hz
- Sig. Loss : 154.19 dB
- Sig. Delay : 40.99 msec
- Mean Anom. : 158.09°
- Orbit Phase : 222.31°
- Orbit Num. : 42022
- Visibility : Eclipsed

Satellite	Az	El	Dir	Range	Next Event	Alt	Orbit
AO-73	251.93°	-27.69°	↑	7102	AOS: 2023/10/14 08:50:27	626	53332
AO-85	118.71°	-49.74°	↑	10445	AOS: 2023/10/14 08:34:42	575	34254
AO-91	198.19°	-64.91°	↓	12270	AOS: 2023/10/14 04:19:02	696	31885
FO-29	207.73°	-44.71°	↑	10673	AOS: 2023/10/14 09:45:02	1324	34126
ISS	83.00°	-68.16°	↓	12290	AOS: 2023/10/14 12:55:08	426	42022
RS-44	3.38°	-4.51°	↓	5188	AOS: 2023/10/14 07:35:52	1522	17737
SO-50	223.14°	-56.59°	↑	11392	AOS: 2023/10/14 02:18:24	662	11979

GPREDICT Preferences :: General



General



Modules



Interfaces



Predict

Number Formats

Ground Stations

TLE Update

Message Logs

Name	Location	Lat	Lon	Alt (m)	QRA	Default
home		39.7454°	-104.3180°	1600	DM79UR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Add new

Edit

Delete

Cancel

OK



Edit ground station data



Name

Description

Location

Select

Latitude (°)



North ▾

Longitude (°)



East ▾

Locator

Altitude



m ASL

Weather St

Select

Clear

Cancel

OK

GPREDICT Preferences :: Interfaces



General



Modules



Interfaces



Predict

Radios

Rotators

Config Name	Host	Port	Rig Type	PTT Status	VFO Up	VFO Down	LO Down	LO Up	Signal AOS
test	localhost	4532	Duplex	None	Main	Sub	0 MHz	0 MHz	NO

Add new

Edit

Delete

Cancel

OK

Edit radio configuration

Name

Host

Port

 - +

Radio type

 ▼

PTT status

 ▼

VFO Up/Down

 ▼

LO Down

 - + MHz

LO Up

 - + MHz

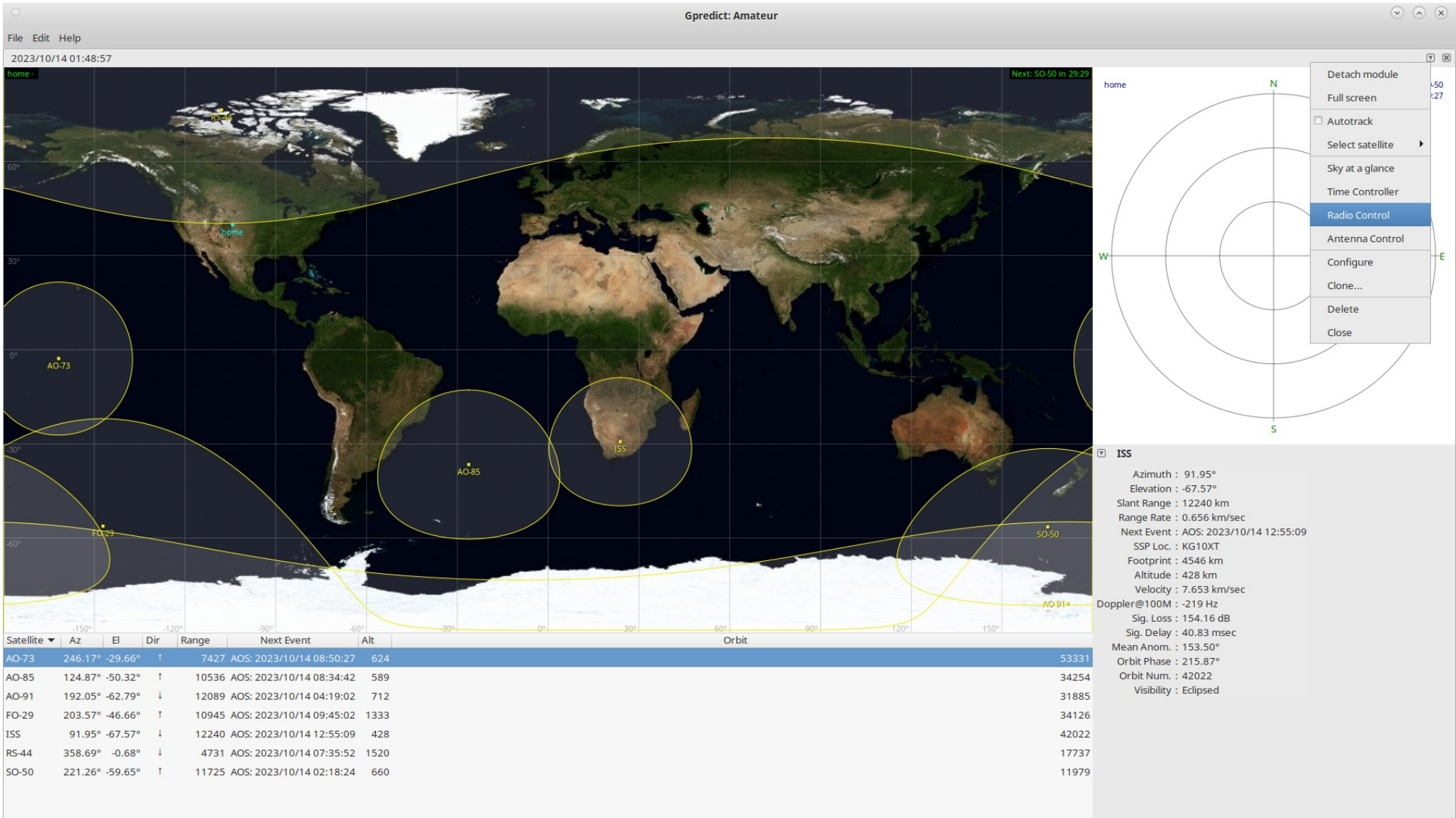
Signalling

 AOS LOS

Clear

Cancel

Ok



Gpredict Radio Control: Amateur

Downlink

▲ ▲ ▲ ▲ ▲ ▲ ▲ ▲ ▲ ▲
1 4 5 . 8 9 0 . 0 0 0 Hz
▼ ▼ ▼ ▼ ▼ ▼ ▼ ▼ ▼ ▼

Doppler: 1250 Hz

LO: 0 MHz

Radio: 145.890.000 Hz

Uplink

▲ ▲ ▲ ▲ ▲ ▲ ▲ ▲ ▲ ▲
1 4 5 . 8 9 0 . 0 0 0 Hz
▼ ▼ ▼ ▼ ▼ ▼ ▼ ▼ ▼ ▼

Doppler: -1250 Hz

LO: 0 MHz

Radio: 145.890.000 Hz

Target

AO-73 ▼ Track

Mode U/V Linear ▼ T L

Az: 190.25° Range: 11102 km

El: -54.79° Rate: -2.569 km/s

Settings

1. Device: test ▼ Engage

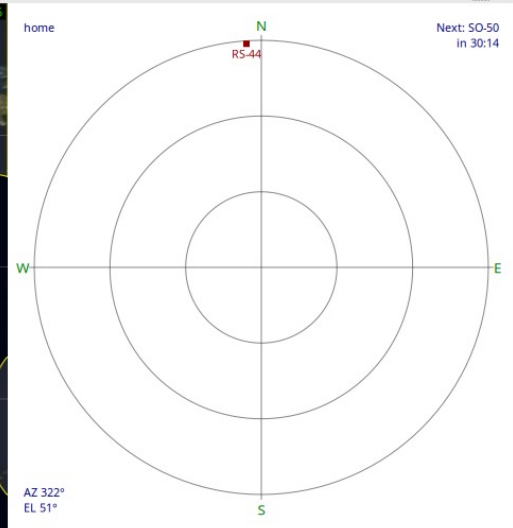
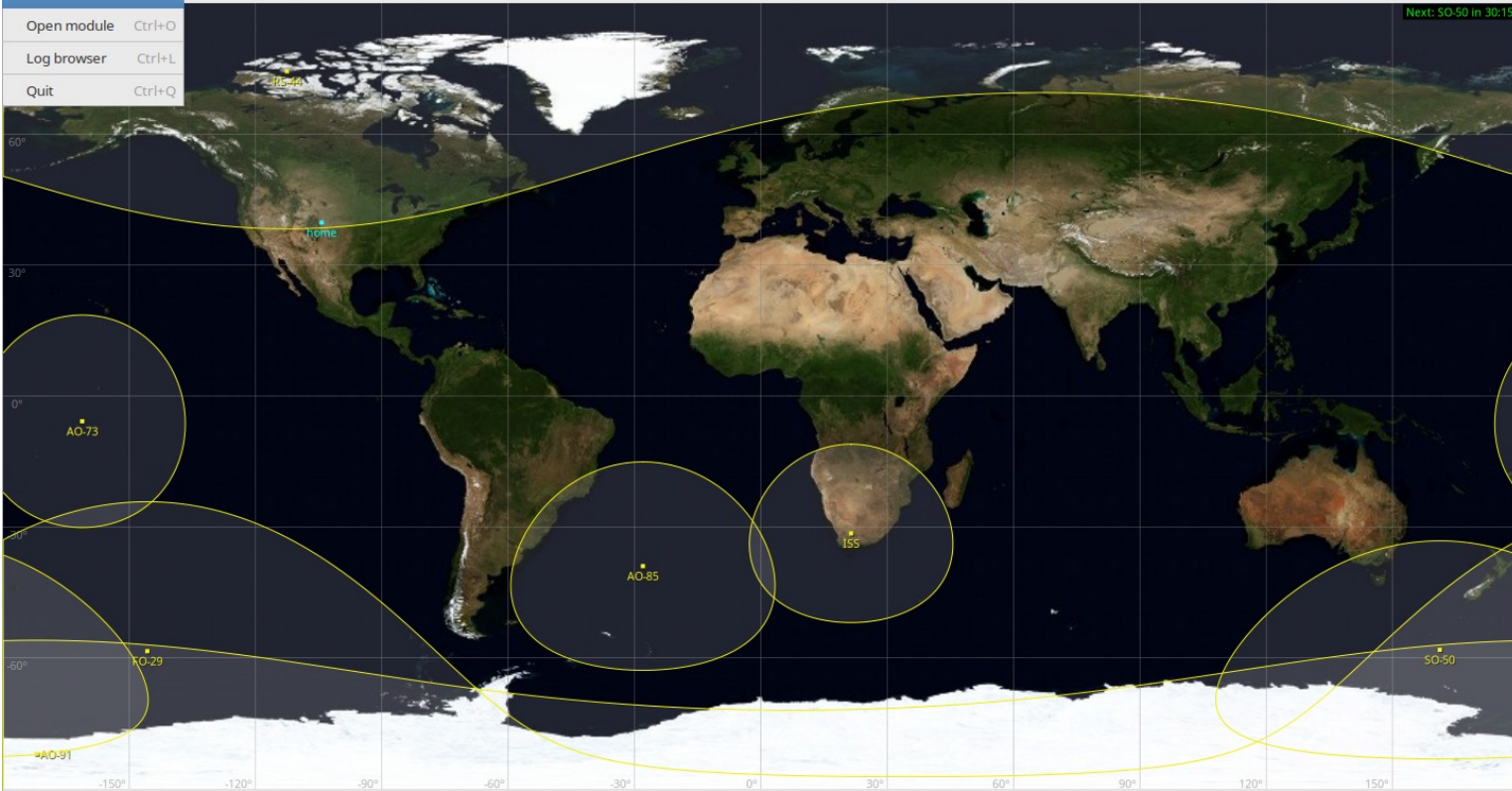
2. Device: None ▼

Cycle: 1000 - + msec

AOS in 07:20:20

Gpredict: Amateur

- New module Ctrl+N
- Open module Ctrl+O
- Log browser Ctrl+L
- Quit Ctrl+Q



ISS

- Azimuth : 95.98°
- Elevation : -67.17°
- Slant Range : 12206 km
- Range Rate : 0.808 km/sec
- Next Event : AOS: 2023/10/14 12:55:09
- SSP Loc : KF08UR
- Footprint : 4550 km
- Altitude : 428 km
- Velocity : 7.653 km/sec
- Doppler@100M : -269 Hz
- Sig. Loss : 154.13 dB
- Sig. Delay : 40.71 msec
- Mean Anom. : 151.36°
- Orbit Phase : 212.84°
- Orbit Num. : 42022
- Visibility : Eclipsed

Satellite	Az	El	Dir	Range	Next Event	Alt	Orbit
AO-73	243.57°	-30.62°	↑	7584	AOS: 2023/10/14 08:50:27	623	53331
AO-85	127.77°	-50.56°	↑	10574	AOS: 2023/10/14 08:34:42	596	34254
AO-91	189.39°	-61.76°	↓	11995	AOS: 2023/10/14 04:19:02	719	31885
FO-29	201.60°	-47.57°	↑	11069	AOS: 2023/10/14 09:45:02	1337	34126
ISS	95.98°	-67.17°	↓	12206	AOS: 2023/10/14 12:55:09	428	42022
RS-44	356.21°	1.18°	↓	4522	LOS: 2023/10/14 01:48:41	1518	17737
SO-50	220.32°	-61.08°	↑	11871	AOS: 2023/10/14 02:18:25	658	11979

Satellite Info

Orbit Info Transponders

Mode U/V Linear

Uplink: 435.1300 – 435.1500 MHz
Downlink: 145.9500 – 145.9700 MHz
Inverting: YES
Mode: USB

CW Beacon

Downlink: 145.8150 MHz
Mode: CW

BPSK Telemetry

Downlink: 145.9350 MHz
Mode: BPSK
Baudrate: 1200.00

OK

Satellite Info

Orbit Info Transponders

Satellite name: AO-73

Operational Status: Unknown

Catalogue number: 39444

International designator: 13066AE

Element set number: 999

Epoch time: 2023/10/13 17:18:10

Orbit number @ epoch: 53322

Inclination: 97.6855°

RAAN: 246.8168°

Eccentricity: 0.0049902

Arg. of perigee: 241.3141°

Mean anomaly: 118.3055°

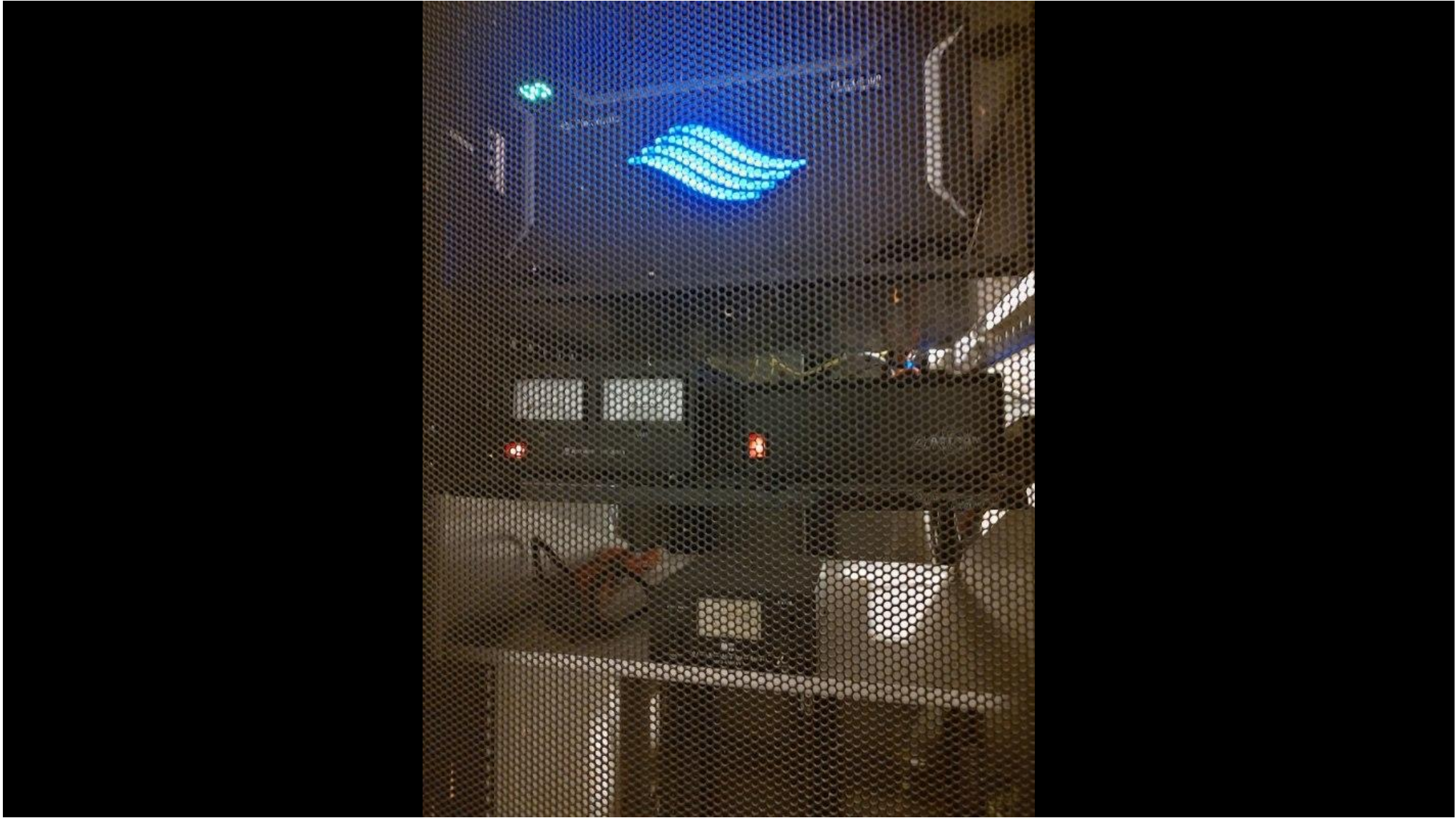
Mean motion: 14.88084150 [rev/day]

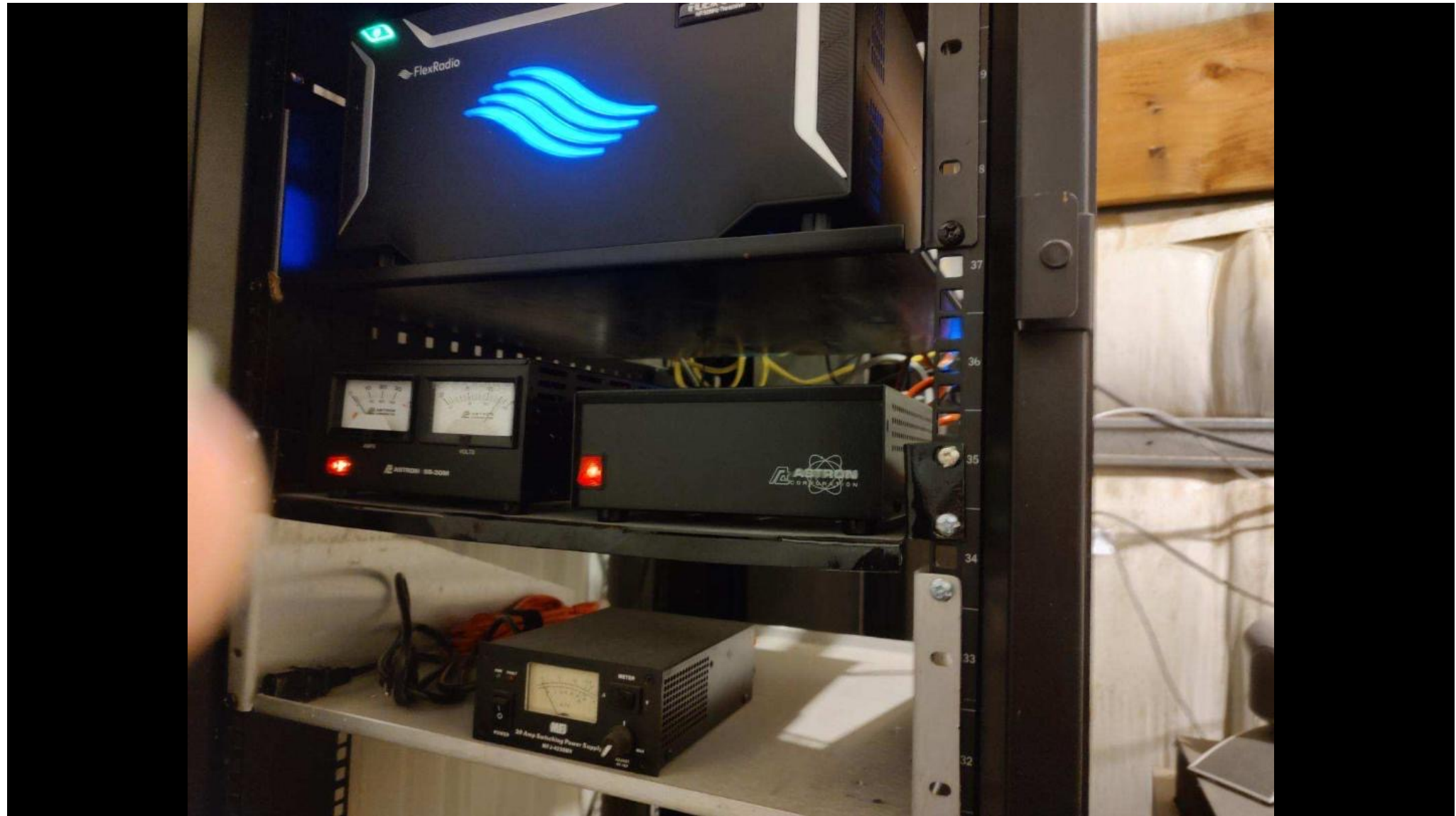
½ d/dt (mean motion): 9.40900e-05 [rev/day²]

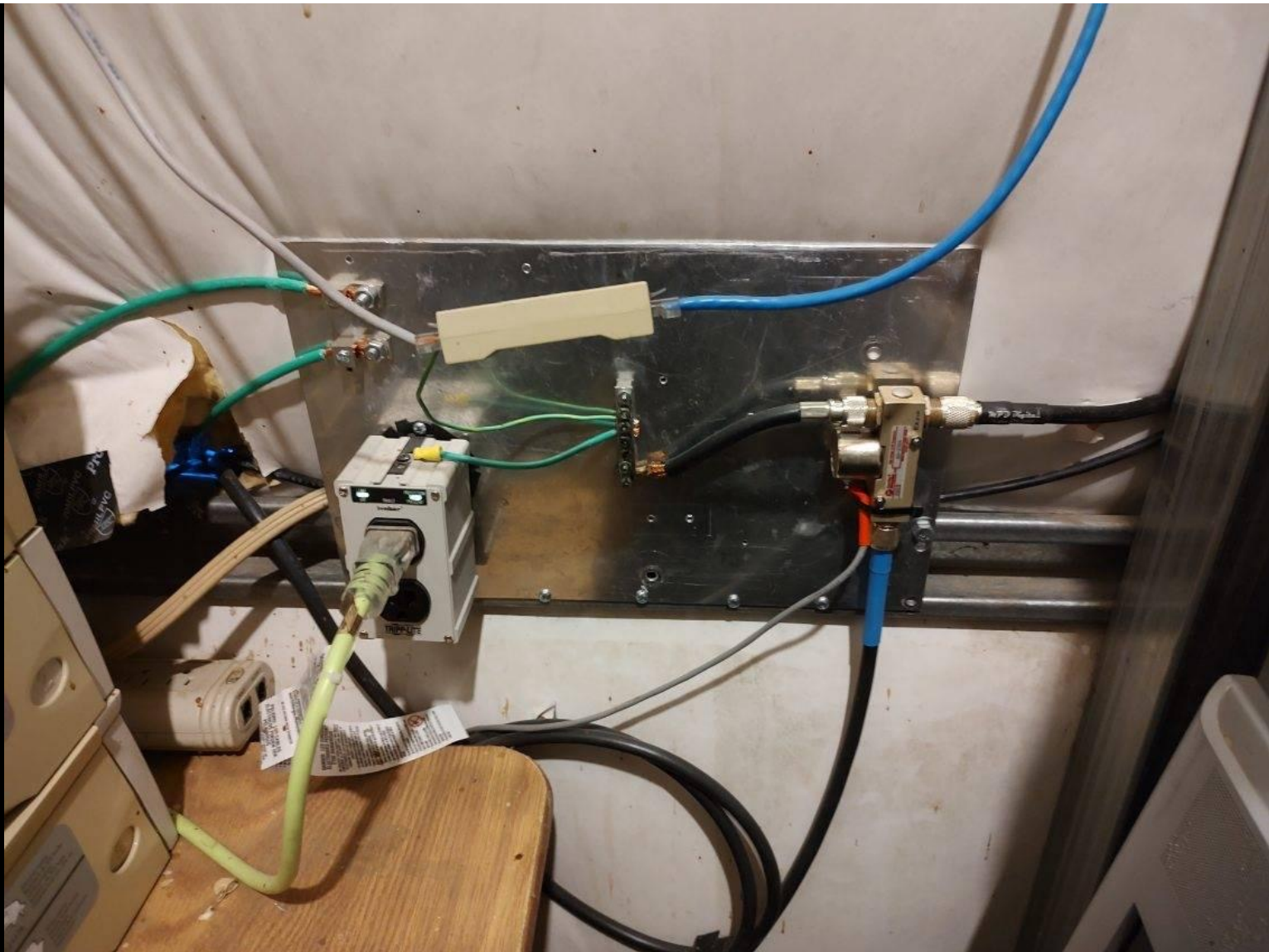
1/6 d²/dt² (mean motion): 0.00000e+00 [rev/day³]

B* drag term: 1.00490e-03 [R_E⁻¹]

OK





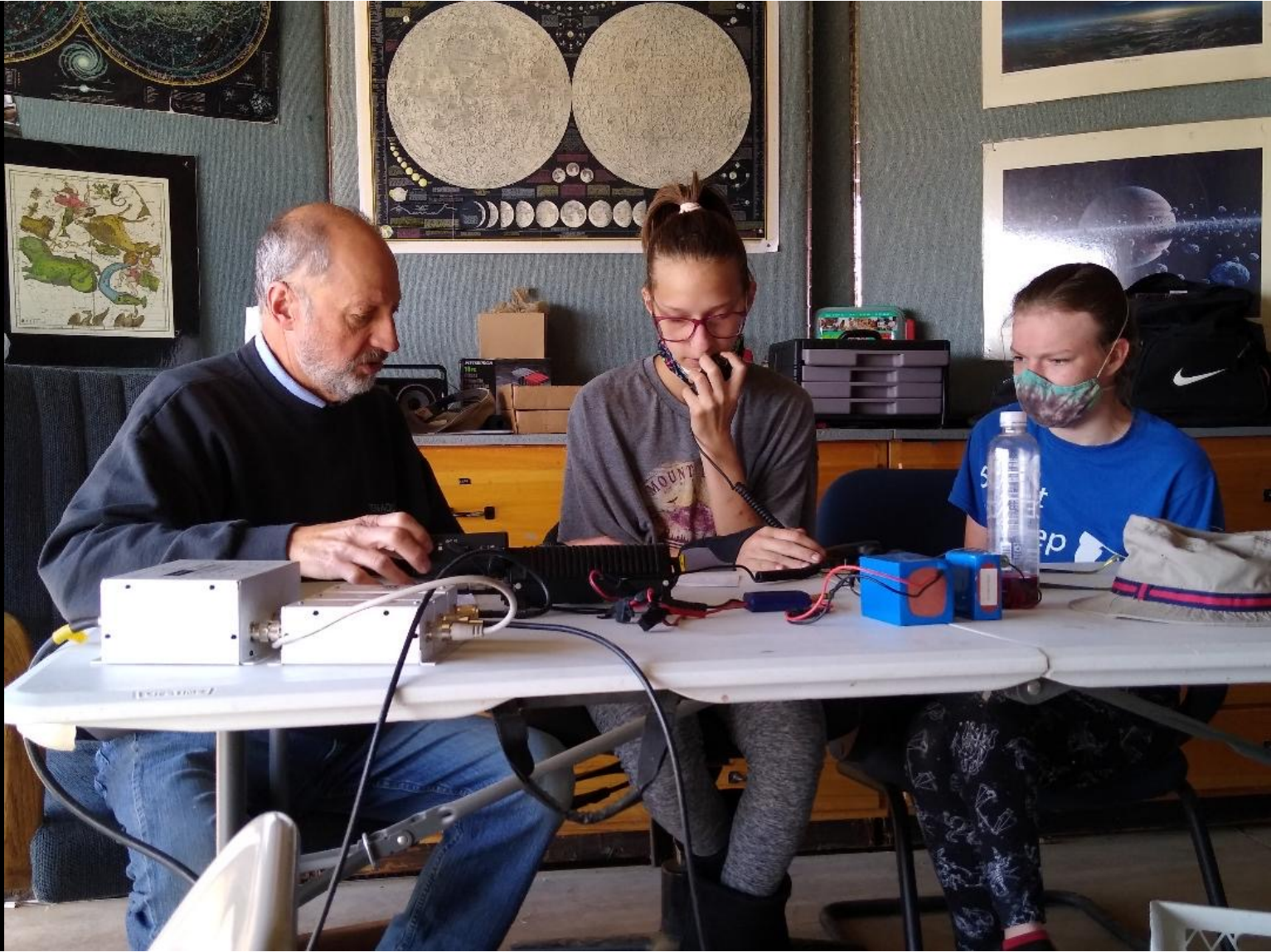










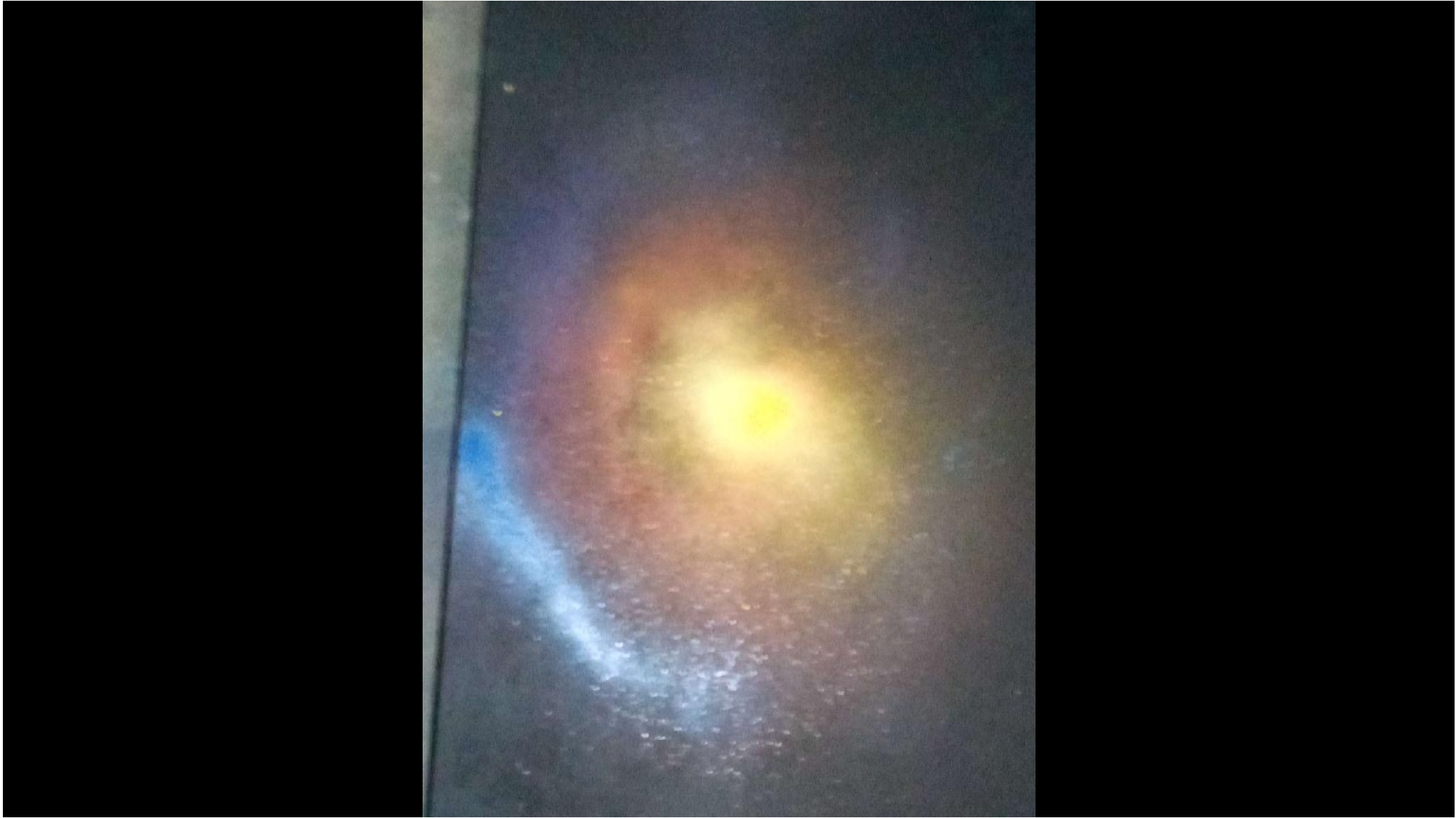




















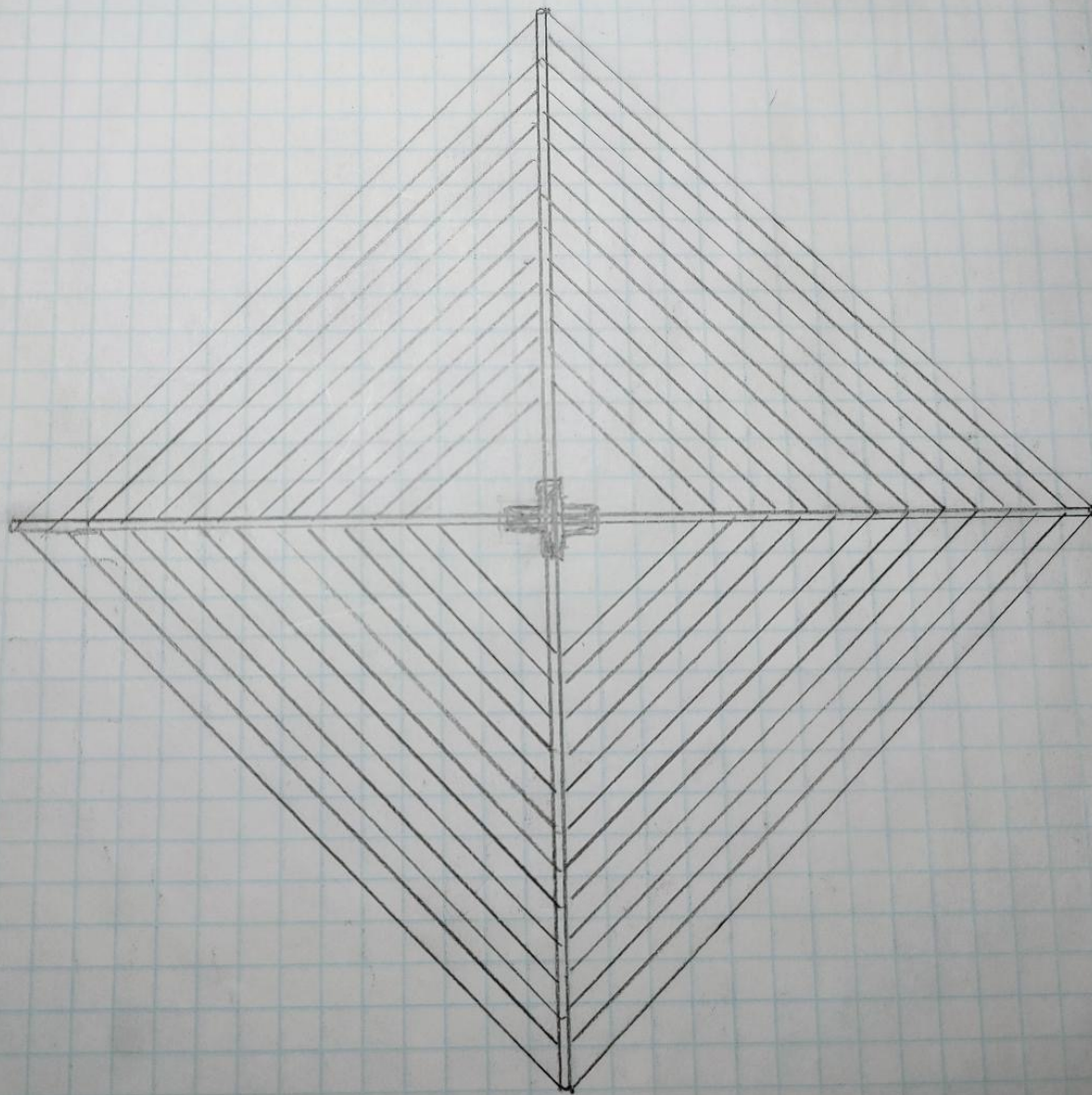




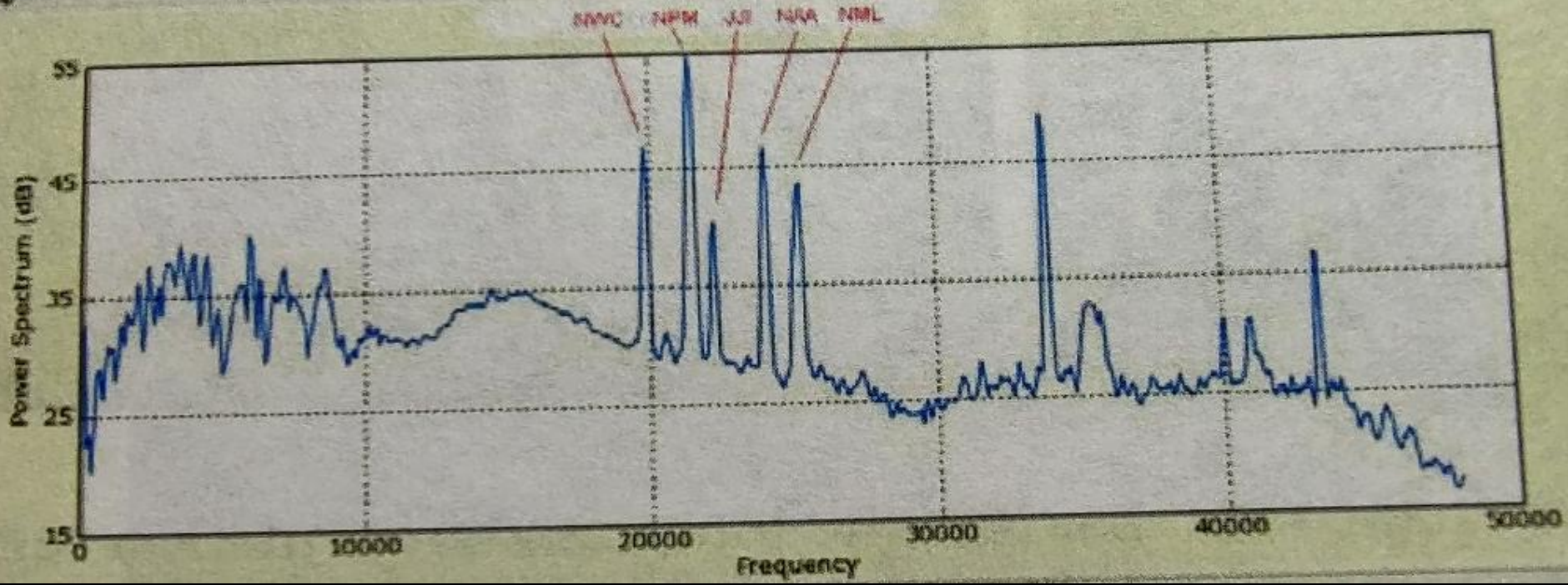


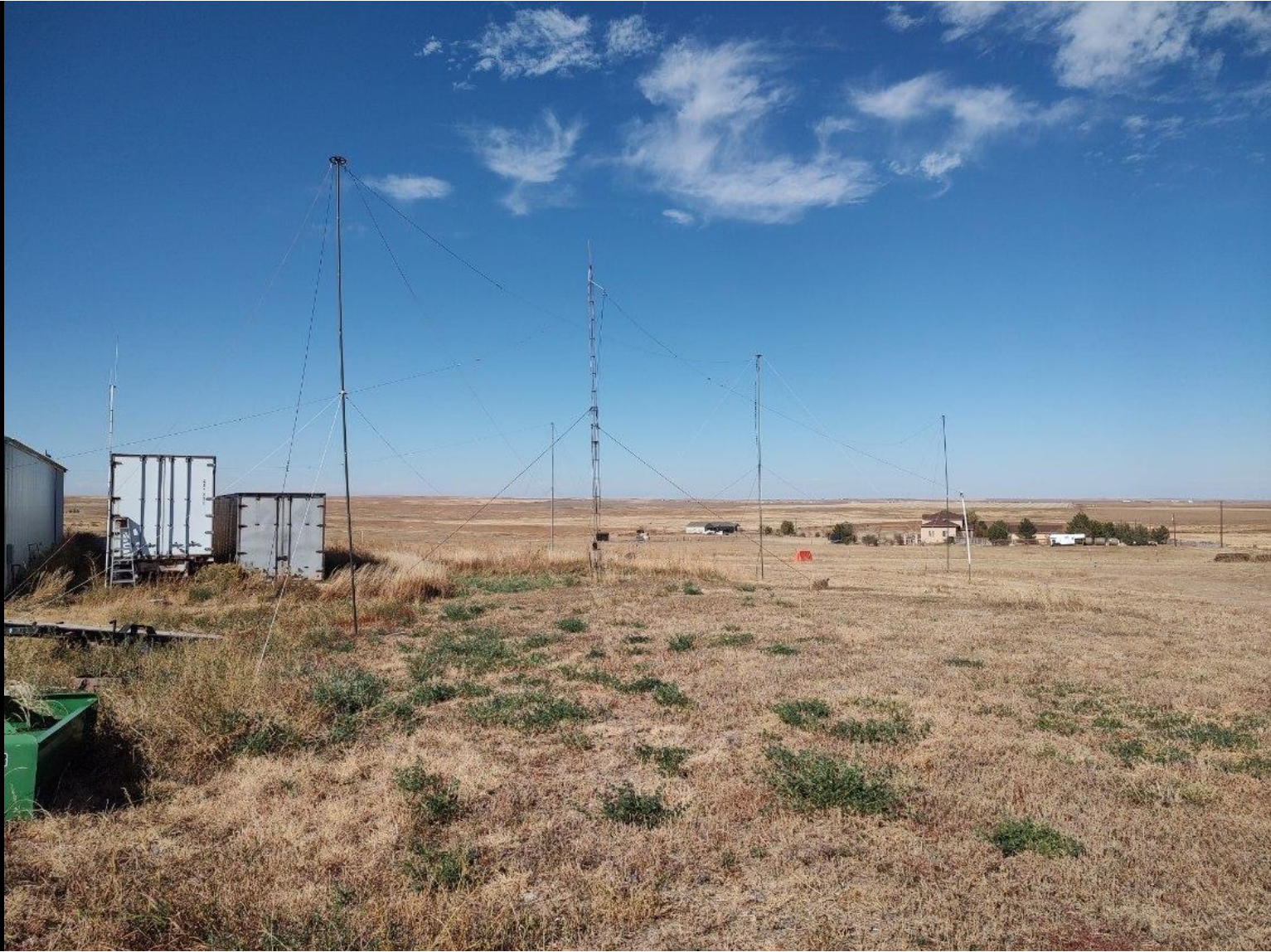


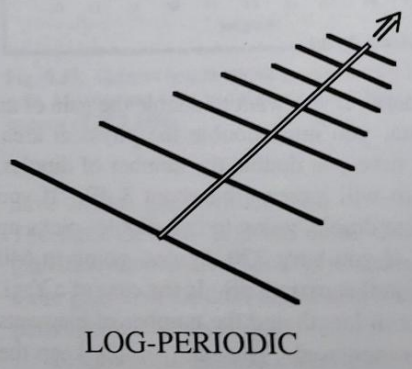
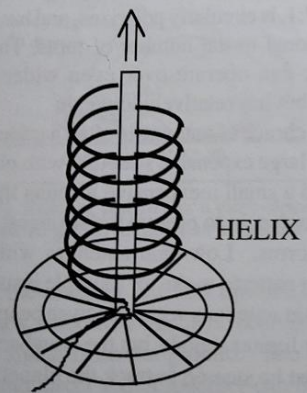
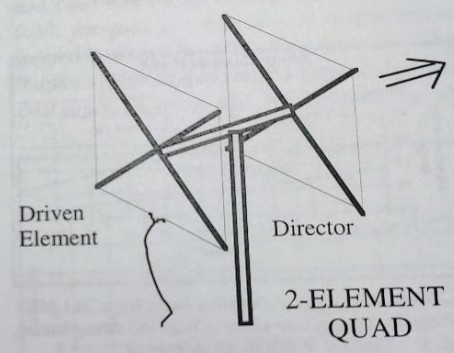
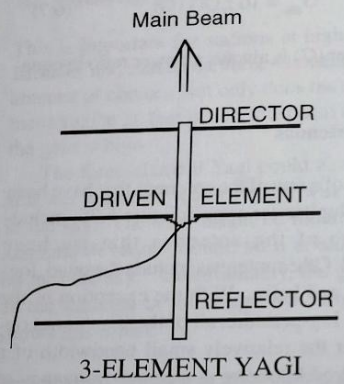
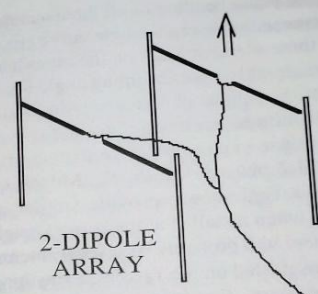
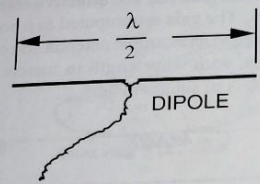




04 03 04









Hubble Space Telescope

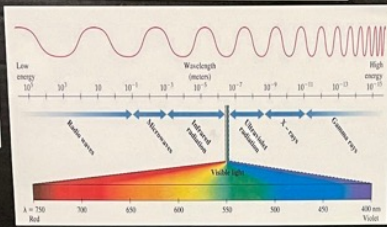


The Hubble Space Telescope launched on April 24th, 1990, from the Kennedy Space Center in Florida. Its main purpose was to act as a general purpose space observatory, observing in ultraviolet, visible light, and infrared.

HST Before And After Corrective Optics



Electromagnetic Spectrum



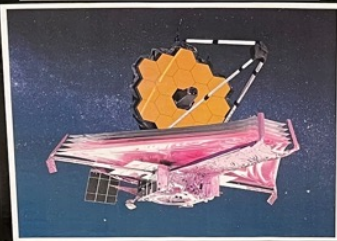
The electromagnetic spectrum is a range of observable radiation that includes visible light. From gamma in the spectrum's lowest energy (shortest wavelength) to radio waves, with the longest wavelengths, then microwaves, infrared, visible light, ultraviolet, X-rays, and gamma rays.

Hubble Vs. James Webb: Light Vs. Infrared



The Hubble and Webb telescopes do not observe in multiple spectra. It means each wavelength will produce a different view of the same object. The Hubble Space Telescope captures visible light, while the James Webb Space Telescope captures infrared light. The Hubble Space Telescope captures visible light with the Hubble Space Telescope.

James Webb Space Telescope



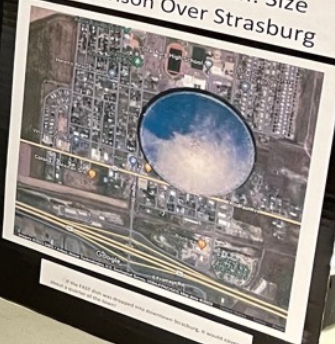
The James Webb Space Telescope launched on December 25th, 2021, from the Ariane 5 rocket. It was installed in a replacement for the aging Hubble Space Telescope and is designed to observe the universe in the infrared spectrum. It is the largest and most powerful space telescope ever built.

The Five-hundred-meter Aperture Spherical Telescope, In China



The Five-hundred-meter Aperture Spherical Telescope in China is the world's largest radio telescope. It is located in Guizhou province and is designed to observe the universe in the radio spectrum. It is the largest and most powerful radio telescope ever built.

The FAST Radio Dish: Size Comparison Over Strasburg



The FAST Radio Dish in China is the world's largest radio telescope. It is located in Guizhou province and is designed to observe the universe in the radio spectrum. It is the largest and most powerful radio telescope ever built.

General Astronomy

General Astronomy notes and articles, including information about the Hubble Space Telescope, the James Webb Space Telescope, and the Five-hundred-meter Aperture Spherical Telescope.





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